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# PopSift

## AliceVision

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# INSTALL

<b>1</b>	<b>Requirements</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	Hardware . . . . .	3
1.2	Software . . . . .	3
<b>2</b>	<b>vcpkg</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Building the library</b>	<b>7</b>
3.1	Building tools . . . . .	7
3.2	Dependencies . . . . .	7
3.3	Getting the sources . . . . .	8
3.4	CMake configuration . . . . .	8
<b>4</b>	<b>PopSift as third party</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Docker image</b>	<b>11</b>
5.1	Building the dependency image . . . . .	11
5.2	Building the PopSift image . . . . .	11
5.3	Running the PopSift image . . . . .	11
5.4	Official images on DockerHub . . . . .	12
<b>6</b>	<b>Library usage</b>	<b>13</b>
6.1	Detection . . . . .	13
<b>7</b>	<b>API References</b>	<b>15</b>
7.1	Main Classes . . . . .	15
7.2	Functions . . . . .	24
7.3	Utility Classes . . . . .	24
<b>8</b>	<b>About</b>	<b>25</b>
8.1	License . . . . .	25
8.2	Contact us . . . . .	25
8.3	Cite us . . . . .	25
8.4	Acknowledgements . . . . .	26
<b>9</b>	<b>Bibliography</b>	<b>27</b>
	<b>Bibliography</b>	<b>29</b>
	<b>Index</b>	<b>31</b>



PopSift is an open-source implementation of the SIFT algorithm in CUDA [[GCH18](#)]. PopSift tries to stick as closely as possible to David Lowe's famous paper [[Low04](#)], while extracting features from an image in real-time at least on an NVidia GTX 980 Ti GPU.



## REQUIREMENTS

### 1.1 Hardware

PopSift is a GPU implementation that requires an NVIDIA GPU card with a CUDA compute capability  $\geq 3.0$  (including, e.g. the GT 650M). The code is originally developed with the compute capability 5.2 card GTX 980 Ti in mind.

You can check your [NVIDIA GPU card CC support here](#) or on the [NVIDIA dev page](#). If you do not have a NVIDIA card you will still be able to compile and use the CPU version.

Here are the minimum hardware requirements for PopSift:

Minimum requirements	
Operating systems	Windows x64, Linux, macOS
CPU	Recent Intel or AMD cpus
RAM Memory	8 GB
Hard Drive	No particular requirements
GPU	NVIDIA CUDA-enabled GPU (compute capability $\geq 3.5$ )

### 1.2 Software

The core library depends only on Cuda  $\geq 7.0$

The library includes a few sample applications that show how to use the library. They require

- Boost  $\geq 1.55$  (required components atomic, chrono, date-time, system, thread)
- [optionally] DevIL (libdevil-dev) can be used to load a broader range of image formats, otherwise only pgm is supported.





## VCPKG

`vcpkg` is a cross-platform (Windows, Linux and MacOS), open-source package manager created by Microsoft.

Starting from v0.9, PopSift package can be installed on each platform via `vcpkg`. To install the library:

```
vcpkg install popsift --triplet <arch>
```

where `<arch>` is the architecture to build for (e.g. `x64-windows`, `x64-linux-dynamic` etc.)

If you want to install the demo applications that come with the library you can add the option `apps`:

```
vcpkg install popsift[apps] --triplet <arch>
```



## BUILDING THE LIBRARY

### 3.1 Building tools

Required tools:

- CMake  $\geq 3.14$  to build the code
- Git
- C/C++ compiler supporting the C++11 standard (gcc  $\geq 4.6$  or visual studio or clang)
- CUDA  $\geq 7.0$

### 3.2 Dependencies

#### 3.2.1 vcpkg

vcpkg can be used to install all the dependencies on all the supported platforms. This is particularly useful on Windows. To install the dependencies:

```
vcpkg install cuda devil boost-system boost-program-options boost-thread boost-filesystem
```

You can add the flag `--triplet` to specify the architecture and the version you want to build. For example:

- `--triplet x64-windows` will build the dynamic version for Windows 64 bit
- `--triplet x64-windows-static` will build the static version for Windows 64 bit
- `--triplet x64-linux-dynamic` will build the dynamic version for Linux 64 bit

and so on. More information can be found [here](#)

#### 3.2.2 Linux

On Linux you can install from the package manager:

For Ubuntu/Debian package system:

```
sudo apt-get install g++ git-all libboost-all-dev libdevil-dev
```

For CentOS package system:

```
sudo yum install gcc-c++ git boost-devel devil
```

### 3.2.3 MacOS

On MacOS using [Homebrew](#) install the following packages:

```
brew install git boost devil
```

## 3.3 Getting the sources

```
git clone https://github.com/alicevision/PopSift.git
```

## 3.4 CMake configuration

From PopSift root folder you can run cmake:

```
mkdir build && cd build  
cmake ..  
make -j `nproc`
```

On Windows add `-G "Visual Studio 16 2019" -A x64` to generate the Visual Studio solution according to your VS version (see [CMake documentation](#)).

If you are using the dependencies built with VCPKG you need to pass `-DCMAKE_TOOLCHAIN_FILE=path/to/vcpkg/scripts/buildsystems/vcpkg.cmake` at cmake step to let it know where to find the dependencies.

### 3.4.1 CMake options

CMake configuration can be controlled by changing the values of the following variables (here with their default value)

- `BUILD_SHARED_LIBS:BOOL=ON` to enable/disable the building shared libraries
- `PopSift_BUILD_EXAMPLES:BOOL=ON` to enable/disable the building of applications
- `PopSift_BUILD_DOC:BOOL=OFF` to enable/disable building this documentation and the Doxygen one.

For example, if you do not want to build the applications, you have to pass `-DPopSift_BUILD_EXAMPLES:BOOL=OFF` and so on.

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## POPSIFT AS THIRD PARTY

When you install PopSift a file `PopSiftConfig.cmake` is installed in `<install_prefix>/lib/cmake/PopSift/` that allows you to import the library in your CMake project. In your `CMakeLists.txt` file you can add the dependency in this way:

```
1  # Find the package from the PopSiftConfig.cmake
2  # in <prefix>/lib/cmake/PopSift/. Under the namespace PopSift::
3  # it exposes the target PopSift that allows you to compile
4  # and link with the library
5  find_package(PopSift CONFIG REQUIRED)
6
7  ...
8  # suppose you want to try it out in a executable
9  add_executable(popsiftTest yourfile.cpp)
10 # add link to the library
    target_link_libraries(popsiftTest PUBLIC PopSift::PopSift)
```

Then, in order to build just pass the location of `PopSiftConfig.cmake` from the `cmake` command line:

```
cmake .. -DPopSift_DIR=<install_prefix>/lib/cmake/PopSift/
```



## DOCKER IMAGE


A docker image can be built using the Ubuntu based Dockerfile, which is based on nvidia/cuda image (<https://hub.docker.com/r/nvidia/cuda/> )

### 5.1 Building the dependency image

We provide a Dockerfile\_deps containing a cuda image with all the necessary PopSift dependencies installed.

A parameter CUDA\_TAG can be passed when building the image to select the cuda version. Similarly, OS\_TAG can be passed to select the Ubuntu version. By default, CUDA\_TAG=10.2 and OS\_TAG=18.04

For example to create the dependency image based on ubuntu 18.04 with cuda 8.0 for development, use

```
docker build --build-arg CUDA_TAG=8.0 --tag alicevision/popsift-deps:cuda8.0-ubuntu18.04  -f Dockerfile_deps .
```

The complete list of available tags can be found on the nvidia [dockerhub page](<https://hub.docker.com/r/nvidia/cuda/>)

### 5.2 Building the PopSift image

Once you built the dependency image, you can build the popsift image in the same manner using Dockerfile:

```
docker build --tag alicevision/popsift:cuda8.0-ubuntu18.04 .
```

### 5.3 Running the PopSift image

In order to run the image nvidia docker is needed: see the [installation instruction](#). Once installed, the docker can be run, e.g., in interactive mode with

```
docker run -it --runtime=nvidia alicevision/popsift:cuda8.0-ubuntu18.04
```

## 5.4 Official images on DockerHub

Check the docker hub [PopSift repository](#) for the available images.



## LIBRARY USAGE

### 6.1 Detection



## API REFERENCES

### 7.1 Main Classes

class **SiftJob**

#### Public Functions

**SiftJob**(int w, int h, const unsigned char \*imageData)

Constructor for byte images, value range 0..255.

##### Parameters

- **w** – [in] the width in pixel of the image
- **h** – [in] the height in pixel of the image
- **imageData** – [in] the image buffer

**SiftJob**(int w, int h, const float \*imageData)

Constructor for float images, value range [0..1].

##### Parameters

- **w** – [in] the width in pixel of the image
- **h** – [in] the height in pixel of the image
- **imageData** – [in] the image buffer

**~SiftJob**()

Destructor releases all the resources.

popsift::FeaturesHost \***get**()

*Deprecated:*

**See also:**

[\*getHost\(\)\*](#)

popsift::FeaturesHost \***getHost**()

##### Returns

void **setFeatures**(popsift::FeaturesBase \*f)

fulfill the promise

class **PopSift**

### Public Types

enum **ImageMode**

Image modes.

*Values:*

enumerator **ByteImages**

byte image, value range 0..255

enumerator **FloatImages**

float images, value range [0..1[

enum **AllocTest**

Results for the allocation test.

*Values:*

enumerator **Ok**

the image dimensions are supported by this device's CUDA texture engine.

enumerator **ImageExceedsLinearTextureLimit**

the input image size exceeds the dimensions of the CUDA Texture used for loading.

enumerator **ImageExceedsLayeredSurfaceLimit**

the scaled input image exceeds the dimensions of the CUDA Surface used for the image pyramid.

### Public Functions

explicit **PopSift**(*ImageMode* imode = *ByteImages*, int device = 0)

We support more than 1 streams, but we support only one sigma and one level parameters.

explicit **PopSift**(const popsift::*Config* &config, popsift::*Config::ProcessingMode* mode =  
popsift::*Config::ExtractingMode*, *ImageMode* imode = *ByteImages*, int device = 0)

#### Parameters

- **config** –
- **mode** –
- **imode** –

**~PopSift()**

Release all the resources.

bool **configure**(const popsift::*Config* &config, bool force = false)

Provide the configuration if you used the *PopSift* default constructor.

void **uninit()**

Release the resources.

*AllocTest* **testTextureFit**(int width, int height)

Check whether the current CUDA device can support the image resolution (width,height) with the current configuration based on the card's texture engine. The function does not check if there is sufficient available memory.

The first part of the test depends on the parameters width and height. It checks whether the image size is supported by CUDA 2D linear textures on this card. This is used to load the image into the first level of the first octave. For the second part of the test, two values of the configuration are important: "downsampling", because it determines the required texture size after loading. The CUDA 2D layered texture must support the scaled width and height. "levels", because it determines the number of levels in each octave. The CUDA 2D layered texture must support enough depth for each level.

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#### Remark

\* If you want to call *configure()* before extracting features, you should call *configure()* before *testTextureFit()*.

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#### Remark

\* The current CUDA device is determined by a call to *cudaGetDevice()*, card properties are only read once.

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#### See also:

*AllocTest*

#### Parameters

- **width** – [in] The width of the input image
- **height** – [in] The height of the input image

#### Returns

*AllocTest::Ok* if the image dimensions are supported by this device's CUDA texture engine, *AllocTest::ImageExceedsLinearTextureLimit* if the input image size exceeds the dimensions of the CUDA Texture used for loading. The input image must be scaled. *AllocTest::ImageExceedsLayeredSurfaceLimit* if the scaled input image exceeds the dimensions of the CUDA Surface used for the image pyramid. The scaling factor must be changed to fit in.

std::string **testTextureFitErrorString**(*AllocTest* err, int w, int h)

Create a warning string for an *AllocTest* error code.

*SiftJob* \***enqueue**(int w, int h, const unsigned char \*imageData)

Enqueue a byte image, value range [0,255].

#### See also:

*SiftJob*

#### Parameters

- **w** – [in] the width of the image.
- **h** – [in] the height of the image.
- **imageData** – [in] the image buffer.

**Returns**

the associated job

*SiftJob* \***enqueue**(int w, int h, const float \*imageData)

Enqueue a float image, value range [0,1].

**See also:**

*SiftJob*

**Parameters**

- **w** – [in] the width of the image.
- **h** – [in] the height of the image.
- **imageData** – [in] the image buffer.

**Returns**

the associated job

inline void **uninit**(int)

*Deprecated:*

inline bool **init**(int, int w, int h)

*Deprecated:*

inline popsift::FeaturesBase \***execute**(int, const unsigned char \*imageData)

*Deprecated:*

struct **Config**

Struct containing the parameters that control the extraction algorithm.

**Public Types**

enum **GaussMode**

The way the gaussian mode is compute.

Each setting allows to mimic and reproduce the behaviour of other Sift implementations.

*Values:*

enumerator **VLFeat\_Compute**

enumerator **VLFeat\_Relative**

enumerator **VLFeat\_Relative\_All**

enumerator **OpenCV\_Compute**

enumerator **Fixed9**

enumerator **Fixed15**

enum **SiftMode**

General setting to reproduce the results of other Sift implementations.

*Values:*

enumerator **PopSift**

Popsift implementation.

enumerator **OpenCV**

OpenCV implementation.

enumerator **VLFeat**

VLFeat implementation.

enumerator **Default**

Default implementation is *PopSift*.

enum **LogMode**

The logging mode.

*Values:*

enumerator **None**

enumerator **All**

enum **ScalingMode**

The scaling mode.

*Values:*

enumerator **ScaleDirect**

enumerator **ScaleDefault**

Indirect - only working method.

enum **DescMode**

Modes for descriptor extraction.

*Values:*

enumerator **Loop**

scan horizontal, extract valid points

enumerator **ILoop**

scan horizontal, extract valid points, interpolate with tex engine

enumerator **Grid**

scan in rotated mode, round pixel address

enumerator **IGrid**

scan in rotated mode, interpolate with tex engine

enumerator **NoTile**

variant of IGrid, no duplicate gradient fetching

enum **NormMode**

Type of norm to use for matching.

*Values:*

enumerator **RootSift**

The L1-inspired norm, gives better matching results (“RootSift”)

enumerator **Classic**

The L2-inspired norm, all descriptors on a hypersphere (“classic”)

enum **GridFilterMode**

Filtering strategy.

To reduce time used in descriptor extraction, some extrema can be filtered immediately after finding them. It is possible to keep those with the largest scale (LargestScaleFirst), smallest scale (SmallestScaleFirst), or a random selection. Note that largest and smallest give a stable result, random does not.

*Values:*

enumerator **RandomScale**

keep a random selection

enumerator **LargestScaleFirst**

keep those with the largest scale

enumerator **SmallestScaleFirst**

keep those with the smallest scale

enum **ProcessingMode**

Processing mode.

Determines which data is kept in the Job data structure after processing, which one is downloaded to the host, which one is invalidated.



*Values:*

enumerator **ExtractingMode**

enumerator **MatchingMode**

## Public Functions

void **setGaussMode**(const std::string &m)

Set the Gaussian mode from string.

**See also:**

*GaussMode*

### Parameters

**m** – [in] The string version of the GaussMode

void **setGaussMode**(*GaussMode* m)

Set the Gaussian mode.

### Parameters

**m** – [in] The Gaussian mode to use.

void **setMode**(*SiftMode* m)

Set the Sift mode.

**See also:**

*SiftMode*

### Parameters

**m** – [in] The Sift mode

void **setLogMode**(*LogMode* mode = *All*)

Set the log mode.

**See also:**

*LogMode*

### Parameters

**mode** – The log mode.

void **setVerbose**(bool on = true)

Enable/disable verbose mode.

### Parameters

**on** – [in] Whether to display additional information .

void **setDescMode**(const std::string &byname)

Set the descriptor mode by string.

**See also:**

*DescMode*

**Parameters**

**byname** – [in] The string containing the descriptor mode.

void **setDescMode**(*DescMode* mode = *Loop*)

Set the descriptor mode.

**See also:**

*DescMode*

**Parameters**

**mode** – [in] The descriptor mode.

float **getPeakThreshold**() const

computes the actual peak threshold depending on the threshold parameter and the non-augmented number of levels

bool **ifPrintGaussTables**() const

print Gauss spans and tables?

*GaussMode* **getGaussMode**() const

What Gauss filter scan is desired?

*SiftMode* **getSiftMode**() const

Get the SIFT mode for more detailed sub-modes.

**See also:**

*SiftMode*

**Returns**

The SiftMode

*LogMode* **getLogMode**() const

find out if we should print logging info or not

void **setNormMode**(*NormMode* m)

Functions related to descriptor normalization: L2-like or RootSift

**DEPRECATED**(void setUseRootSift(bool on))

Set the normalization mode.

*Deprecated:*

**See also:**

*NormMode*

#### Parameters

**on** – [in] Use RootSift (**true**) or the L2-norm (**false**).

int **getNormalizationMultiplier()** const

Functions related to descriptor normalization: multiply with a power of 2.

inline float **getUpscaleFactor()** const

The input image is stretched by  $2^{\text{upscale\_factor}}$  before processing. The factor 1 is default.

bool **getCanFilterExtrema()** const

Have we enabled filtering? This is a compile time decision. The reason is that we use Thrust, which increases compile considerably and can be deactivated at the CMake level when you work on something else.

inline int **getFilterMaxExtrema()** const

Set the approximate number of extrema whose orientation and descriptor should be computed. Default is -1, which sets the hard limit defined by “number of octaves \* getMaxExtrema()”.

inline int **getFilterGridSize()** const

Get the grid size for filtering.

To avoid that grid filtering happens only in a tiny piece of an image, the image is split into *getFilterGridSize()* X *getFilterGridSize()* tiles and we allow *getFilterMaxExtrema()* / *getFilterGridSize()* extrema in each tile.

inline *GridFilterMode* **getFilterSorting()** const

Get the filtering mode.

**See also:**

*GridFilterMode*

#### Returns

the filtering mode.

inline *ScalingMode* **getScalingMode()** const

Get the scaling mode.

**See also:**

*ScalingMode*

#### Returns

the descriptor extraction mode.

inline *DescMode* **getDescMode()** const

Get the descriptor extraction mode.

**See also:**

*DescMode*

**Returns**

the descriptor extraction mode

## Public Members

int **octaves**

The number of octaves is chosen freely. If not specified, it is:  $\log_2(\min(x,y)) - 3 - \text{start\_sampling}$

int **levels**

The number of levels per octave. This is actually the number of inner DoG levels where we can search for feature points. The number of ...

This is the non-augmented number of levels, meaning the this is not the number of gauss-filtered picture layers (which is levels+3), but the number of DoG layers in which we can search for extrema.

float **\_edge\_limit**

default edge\_limit 16.0f from Celebrandil default edge\_limit 10.0f from Bemap

## Public Static Functions

static *GaussMode* **getGaussModeDefault()**

Call this from the constructor.

static const char \***getGaussModeUsage()**

Get a message with the strings to use for setting the values of GaussMode.

**Returns**

A message with the list of strings

## 7.2 Functions

## 7.3 Utility Classes

## 8.1 License

PopSift is licensed under [MPLv2 license](#).

More info about the license and what you can do with the code can be found at [tldrlegal website](#)

SIFT was patented in the United States from 1999-03-08 to 2020-03-28. See the [patent link](#) for more information. PopSift license only concerns the PopSift source code and does not release users of this code from any requirements that may arise from patents.

## 8.2 Contact us

You can contact us on the public mailing list at [alicevision@googlegroups.com](mailto:alicevision@googlegroups.com)

You can also contact us privately at [alicevision-team@googlegroups.com](mailto:alicevision-team@googlegroups.com)

## 8.3 Cite us

If you want to cite this work in your publication, please use the following

```
@inproceedings{Griwodz2018Popsift,
  author = {Griwodz, Carsten and Calvet, Lilian and Halvorsen, P{\aa}l},
  title = {Popsift: A Faithful SIFT Implementation for Real-time Applications},
  booktitle = {Proceedings of the 9th {ACM} Multimedia Systems Conference},
  series = {MMSys '18},
  year = {2018},
  isbn = {978-1-4503-5192-8},
  location = {Amsterdam, Netherlands},
  pages = {415--420},
  numpages = {6},
  doi = {10.1145/3204949.3208136},
  acmid = {3208136},
  publisher = {ACM},
  address = {New York, NY, USA},
}
```

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- [Low04] DG Lowe. Distinctive image features from scale-invariant keypoints. *International journal of computer vision*, pages 1–29, 2004. doi:[10.1023/B:VISI.00000029664.99615.94](https://doi.org/10.1023/B:VISI.00000029664.99615.94).



## P

- PopSift (C++ class), 15
- PopSift::~~PopSift (C++ function), 16
- PopSift::AllocTest (C++ enum), 16
- PopSift::AllocTest::ImageExceedsLayeredSurfaceLimit (C++ enumerator), 16
- PopSift::AllocTest::ImageExceedsLinearTextureLimit (C++ enumerator), 16
- PopSift::AllocTest::Ok (C++ enumerator), 16
- popsift::Config (C++ struct), 18
- popsift::Config::\_edge\_limit (C++ member), 24
- popsift::Config::DEPRECATED (C++ function), 22
- popsift::Config::DescMode (C++ enum), 19
- popsift::Config::DescMode::Grid (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::DescMode::IGrid (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::DescMode::ILoop (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::DescMode::Loop (C++ enumerator), 19
- popsift::Config::DescMode::NoTile (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::GaussMode (C++ enum), 18
- popsift::Config::GaussMode::Fixed15 (C++ enumerator), 19
- popsift::Config::GaussMode::Fixed9 (C++ enumerator), 19
- popsift::Config::GaussMode::OpenCV\_Compute (C++ enumerator), 19
- popsift::Config::GaussMode::VLFeat\_Compute (C++ enumerator), 18
- popsift::Config::GaussMode::VLFeat\_Relative (C++ enumerator), 18
- popsift::Config::GaussMode::VLFeat\_Relative\_All (C++ enumerator), 18
- popsift::Config::getCanFilterExtrema (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::getDescMode (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::getFilterGridSize (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::getFilterMaxExtrema (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::getFilterSorting (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::getGaussMode (C++ function), 22
- popsift::Config::getGaussModeDefault (C++ function), 24
- popsift::Config::getGaussModeUsage (C++ function), 24
- popsift::Config::getLogMode (C++ function), 22
- popsift::Config::getNormalizationMultiplier (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::getPeakThreshold (C++ function), 22
- popsift::Config::getScalingMode (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::getSiftMode (C++ function), 22
- popsift::Config::getUpscaleFactor (C++ function), 23
- popsift::Config::GridFilterMode (C++ enum), 20
- popsift::Config::GridFilterMode::LargestScaleFirst (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::GridFilterMode::RandomScale (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::GridFilterMode::SmallestScaleFirst (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::ifPrintGaussTables (C++ function), 22
- popsift::Config::levels (C++ member), 24
- popsift::Config::LogMode (C++ enum), 19
- popsift::Config::LogMode::All (C++ enumerator), 19
- popsift::Config::LogMode::None (C++ enumerator), 19
- popsift::Config::NormMode (C++ enum), 20
- popsift::Config::NormMode::Classic (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::NormMode::RootSift (C++ enumerator), 20
- popsift::Config::octaves (C++ member), 24
- popsift::Config::ProcessingMode (C++ enum), 20
- popsift::Config::ProcessingMode::ExtractingMode (C++ enumerator), 21

popSift::Config::ProcessingMode::MatchingMode  
(C++ *enumerator*), 21  
popSift::Config::ScalingMode (C++ *enum*), 19  
popSift::Config::ScalingMode::ScaleDefault  
(C++ *enumerator*), 19  
popSift::Config::ScalingMode::ScaleDirect  
(C++ *enumerator*), 19  
popSift::Config::setDescMode (C++ *function*), 21,  
22  
popSift::Config::setGaussMode (C++ *function*), 21  
popSift::Config::setLogMode (C++ *function*), 21  
popSift::Config::setMode (C++ *function*), 21  
popSift::Config::setNormMode (C++ *function*), 22  
popSift::Config::setVerbose (C++ *function*), 21  
popSift::Config::SiftMode (C++ *enum*), 19  
popSift::Config::SiftMode::Default (C++ *enum*-  
*erator*), 19  
popSift::Config::SiftMode::OpenCV (C++ *enum*-  
*erator*), 19  
popSift::Config::SiftMode::PopSift (C++ *enum*-  
*erator*), 19  
popSift::Config::SiftMode::VLFeat (C++ *enum*-  
*erator*), 19  
PopSift::configure (C++ *function*), 16  
PopSift::enqueue (C++ *function*), 17, 18  
PopSift::execute (C++ *function*), 18  
PopSift::ImageMode (C++ *enum*), 16  
PopSift::ImageMode::ByteImages (C++ *enumera*-  
*tor*), 16  
PopSift::ImageMode::FloatImages (C++ *enumera*-  
*tor*), 16  
PopSift::init (C++ *function*), 18  
PopSift::PopSift (C++ *function*), 16  
PopSift::testTextureFit (C++ *function*), 17  
PopSift::testTextureFitErrorString (C++ *func*-  
*tion*), 17  
PopSift::uninit (C++ *function*), 16, 18

## S

SiftJob (C++ *class*), 15  
SiftJob::~~SiftJob (C++ *function*), 15  
SiftJob::get (C++ *function*), 15  
SiftJob::getHost (C++ *function*), 15  
SiftJob::setFeatures (C++ *function*), 15  
SiftJob::SiftJob (C++ *function*), 15